

CANTERRA MINERALS CORPORATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - FORM 51-102F

For the six months ended June 30, 2019

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("**MD&A**") reviews the activities of Canterra Minerals Corporation ("**Canterra**", or the "**Company**") and compares the financial results for the three and six months period ended June 30, 2019 ("**second quarter 2019**" and "**six months fiscal 2019**", respectively) with the comparable period in 2018 ("**second quarter 2018**" and "**six months fiscal 2019**", respectively). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the second quarter 2019 and the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2018, copies of which are filed under the Company's profile on the SEDAR website, www.sedar.com.

The Company was incorporated as 580312 B.C. Ltd. in British Columbia on February 18, 1999 and adopted the name "Diamondex Resources Ltd." on March 23, 1999. The Company adopted its present name on December 9, 2009, in connection with the business combination of Diamondex and Triex Minerals Corporation ("Triex"). The Company's head office and principal address is Suite 1020 – 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T6. The Company's registered and records office is Suite 2300 - 550 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2B5. The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar.

The information in this MD&A is provided as of the date of this MD&A, August 29, 2019 (the "**Report Date**").

DESCRIPTION AND OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Company is a Canadian resource exploration company with a focus on diamond exploration primarily in the Northwest Territories.

The Company's Properties in the Northwest Territories include Marlin and Rex. The Company also holds a 33% interest in the Buffalo Hills Diamond Project in Northern Alberta.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had working capital deficiency of \$216,991. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing, monetize its marketable securities holdings and to commence profitable operations in the future and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations as they become due.

MINERAL PROJECTS

The Company's core assets are the exploration rights to its mineral properties. These rights are held by means of claims located by staking and prospecting permits or leases issued by government departments for prospecting and exploration purposes. In several instances, the mineral rights may be held under Purchase Option Agreements. Such agreements typically require the Company to make cash payments and share issuances and to incur exploration expenditures on multi-year schedules, as set forth in each agreement.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

CL-25 Property

In June 2016, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire up to 70% interest in the CL-25 property consisting of one claim. The CL-25 property contains two diamondiferous kimberlite pipes known as CL-25 and CL-174 discovered by Winspear Diamonds in 1994 and 1995, respectively. The Company terminated the option agreement on September 5, 2018.

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Hilltop Property

The Company initially acquired the Hilltop Property in 1999. During fiscal 2017, the Company elected to let certain of the mineral claims expire and wrote-down the acquisition costs associated with this Property. The three remaining mineral claims, covering an area of approximately 3,750 hectares ("ha") expired in June 2019.

King Property

The Company initially acquired the King Property in 2000. During the first quarter of 2017, the Company elected to let four of six mineral leases expire, with the final two leases expiring in June 2019.

Marlin Property

In fiscal year 2014, the Company acquired the Marlin Property by staking 23 mineral claims. The Company currently maintains 10 mineral claims covering an area of approximately 13,461 ha. The property is located approximately 20 km northwest of the Gahcho Kue Project, which is being advanced by De Beers Canada and Mountain Province Diamonds Inc. The Marlin Property was staked based on the presence of anomalous indicator minerals including G10 garnets and chromites which appear to have been sourced from within the acquired claim block, as well as seven geophysical anomalies identified from a previous airborne magnetic and electromagnetic survey. Three of the remaining mineral claims will expire in July 2019.

Prism Property

In fiscal year 2014, the Company acquired the Prism Property by staking 11 mineral claims and additional 2 mineral claims in 2015 covering approximately 13,870 ha. During fiscal 2016, the Company elected to let certain of the mineral claims expire and wrote-down the acquisition costs associated with this Property. During the first quarter of 2017, 11 claims expired, the two remaining claims expired in October 2018.

Rex Property

In January 2015, the Company acquired the Rex Property by staking 21 mineral claims covering an area of approximately 25,030 ha. No further work is planned for Rex and the remaining two claims will be allowed to expire in October 2025. The Company wrote-down the acquisition costs associated with Rex at the end of fiscal 2017.

Exploration Activities

Buffalo Hills Property, Alberta

The Buffalo Hills Property ("Buffalo Hills") is held by the Buffalo Hills Joint Venture ("BHJV"), which has three participants: EnCana Corporation (34%), Star Diamond Corporation (33%) and the Company (33%). The Company is the Operator of the BHJV. Buffalo Hills is comprised of 21 mineral leases covering 4,848 ha, located in north central Alberta centered approximately 120 km northeast of Peace River and 400 km northwest of Edmonton. To date, a total of 41 kimberlites have been discovered in the region, of which 28 are diamondiferous. Kimberlite bodies range in size from 1 – 47 ha. In addition, four metallic and industrial mineral permits were staked near the main lease holdings in 2015, these permits expired in 2017. Buffalo Hills is currently on care and maintenance.

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Minnitaki Property, Ontario

On March 14, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement for sale with Doug McDonald to attain 100% interest in the Minnitaki property in exchange for \$10,000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2019 was \$31,825 compared to \$63,866 for the prior year's comparative period.

Expenses for the three months period ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$31,307 (June 30, 2018 - \$61,969). Expenditures have declined in 2019 as compared to 2018 due to the Company curtailing its expenditures and conserving cash.

The unrealized loss on marketable securities amounted to \$518 (June 30, 2018 –\$1,897).

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$62,194 compared to \$120,030 for the prior year's comparative period.

Expenses for the six months period ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$71,877 (June 30, 2018 - \$122,305). Expenditures have declined in 2019 as compared to 2018 due to the Company curtailing its expenditures and conserving cash.

The unrealized loss on marketable securities amounted to \$345 (June 30, 2018 – gain of \$1,363).

The operating losses reflect the Company's status as non-revenue producing mineral exploration company. As the Company has no main source of income, losses are expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

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Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table summarizes information derived from the Company's financial statements for each of the eight most recently completed quarters.

Year:	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018	2017	2017
Quarter Ended:	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30	Jun 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30
Net sales or total revenue:	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil
Net income (loss):								
(i) in total (000s)	\$(32)	\$(30)	\$434	\$(83)	\$(64)	\$(56)	\$(360)	\$(80)
(ii) per share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.00)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.00)

(1) Fully diluted loss per share amounts are not shown as they would be anti-dilutive.

While the information set out in the foregoing table is mandated by *National Instrument 51-102*, it is management's view that the variations in financial results that occur from quarter to quarter are not particularly helpful in analyzing the Company's performance. It is in the nature of the business of junior exploration companies that unless they sell a mineral interest for a sum greater than the costs incurred in acquiring such interest, they have no significant net sales or total revenue.

Significant variances in the Company's reported loss from quarter to quarter most commonly arise from several factors that are difficult to anticipate in advance or to predict from past results. These factors include: (i) level of exploration and project evaluation expenses incurred, (ii) decisions to write off acquisition costs when management concludes there has been an impairment in the carrying value of a mineral property, or the property is abandoned, and (iii) the vesting of incentive stock options, which results in the recording of amounts for share-based compensation expense that can be quite large in relation to other general and administrative expenses incurred in any given quarter.

Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company received \$30,000 (June 30, 2018 - \$50,000) from Rand Explorations Ltd.

Investing Activities

During the six months period ended June 30, 2019, the Company received \$10,000 (June 30, 2018 - \$Nil) for the sale of the Minnitaki Property. Also, there were no marketable securities sold during the six months period ended June 30, 2019 (June 30, 2018 - \$2,450).

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Company entered into the following transactions with related parties and key management personnel during the six months period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Paid or accrued the following to Rand Explorations Ltd. ("Rand") a company controlled by Randy Turner, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company:

	2019	2018
Management Fees	\$ 12,750	\$ 51,000
Geological consulting fees	\$ 2,250	\$ 9,000

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Paid or accrued the following to Harry Chan, who started his tenure on December 1, 2017, as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company:

	2019	2018
Management fees	\$ 12,781	\$ 10,687

Paid or accrued the following to Independence Gold Corp., a company with common directors and/or officers:

	2019	2018
Rent	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000
Wages, benefits and other	\$ 7,116	\$ 8,728

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2019 is \$212,178 (December 31, 2018 - \$150,389) due to companies with common directors and/or officers. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company received \$30,000 advance (June 30, 2018 - \$50,000) from Rand Explorations Ltd.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has no operations that generate cash flow. The Company's future financial success will depend on the discovery of one or more economic mineral deposits. This process can take many years, can consume significant resources and is largely based on factors that are beyond the control of the Company and its management.

To date, the Company has financed its activities by the private placement of equity securities, consisting of a combination of flow-through and non-flow-through securities, option payments received on properties it has optioned to third parties, sale of marketable securities, as well as funds received from Rand Explorations. In order to continue funding exploration activities and corporate costs, exploration companies are usually reliant on their ongoing ability to raise financing through the sale of equity. This is dependent on positive investor sentiment, which in turn is influenced by a positive climate for the commodities that are being explored for, a company's track record, and the experience and caliber of a company's management. There is no assurance that equity funding will be accessible to the Company at the times and in the amounts required to fund the Company's activities.

Cash and Financial Condition

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had working capital deficiency of \$216,991 (December 31, 2018 – \$154,797). The Company continues to monitor its operating costs closely, to ensure that no non-essential expenditures are incurred.

On October 2, 2018, the Company entered into a debt settlement agreement with Independence Gold Corp and Rand Explorations Ltd., companies with common directors and/or officers, whereby the Company settled an aggregate of \$263,447 in outstanding debt through the issuance of an aggregate of 5,268,933 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per share. As part of the debt settlement agreement, Independence Gold Corp. forgave \$96,836 of debt owed by the Company, and Rand Explorations Ltd. forgave \$255,000 of debt owed by the Company.

The Company does not have any unused lines of credit or other arrangements in place to borrow funds and has no off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company does not use hedges or other financial derivatives.

The Company manages its liquidity risk (i.e., the risk that it will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due) by forecasting cash flows from operations together with its investing and financing activities. Expenditures are adjusted to ensure liabilities can be funded as they become due. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning, and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

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Financial Instruments

The Company classifies its financial assets into four categories: (i) fair value through profit or loss, (ii) loans and receivables, (iii) held-to-maturity investments, and (iv) available-for-sale. All financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after initial recognition of the asset and such event(s) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

The Company classifies its financial liabilities into one of two categories: (i) fair value through profit or loss, and (ii) other financial liabilities.

Further information regarding the Company's financial instruments is set forth in Note 3 and 13 to the consolidated audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NEW IFRS STANDARDS

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16, Leases, which addresses the accounting for leases and lease obligations. It replaces the existing leasing guidance in IAS 17, Leases. The objective of the new standard is to report all leases on the statement of financial position and to define how leases and lease liabilities are measured. The effects of this new accounting pronouncement has no material impact in the financial statements.

OUTSTANDING SECURITIES AT THE REPORT DATE

As of the report date, the Company has the following securities outstanding:

Security	Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Common Shares	89,864,870		
Options	1,595,000	\$0.08	May 2, 2021

RISK FACTORS RELATING TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

There have been no material changes in the risks and uncertainties affecting the Company that were discussed in the Company's 2019 annual MD&A filed on April 23, 2019.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain of the statements made and information contained herein is "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the British Columbia Securities Act, the Alberta Securities Act and the Ontario Securities Act. This includes statements concerning the Company's plans at its mineral properties, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking information, including, without limitation, the ability of the Company to continue to be able to access the capital markets for the funding necessary to acquire and maintain exploration properties and to carry out its desired exploration programs; inability to fund the Company's share of costs incurred under joint venture agreements or meet the earn-in requirements under purchase options agreements to which it is a party, and reduction or elimination of its interest in the underlying mineral property as a result; competition within the minerals industry to acquire properties of merit, and competition from other companies possessing greater technical and financial resources; difficulties in executing exploration programs on the Company's

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proposed schedules and within its cost estimates, whether due to weather conditions in the areas where it operates, increasingly stringent environmental regulations and other permitting restrictions, or other factors related to exploring in the north, such as the availability of essential supplies and services; factors beyond the capacity of the Company to anticipate and control, such as the marketability of diamonds, government regulations relating to health, safety and the environment, the scale and scope of royalties and taxes on production, and demands for "value added" processing of rough diamonds; unusually mild winter conditions affecting or delaying the opening of the winter roads and resulting difficulties in transporting materials needed to support various exploration projects and resulting increased costs of transport by air; the availability of experienced contractors and professional staff to perform work in a competitive environment and the resulting adverse impact on costs and performance and other risks and uncertainties, including those described in each management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. In addition, forward-looking information is based on various assumptions including, without limitation, assumptions associated with exploration results and costs and the availability of materials and skilled labour. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Except as required under applicable securities legislation, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.